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**Introduction**

These are the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for the Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) facility at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center (MNC), which is part of the Neuroscience and Cognitive Science Program (NACS) at the University of Maryland (UMD). These SOPs were developed based on guidelines from the American College of Radiology (ACR).

In some cases, ACR guidelines* were used verbatim, and in other cases, paraphrased. Guidelines related to the specific characteristics and operations of the MNC MRI facility were developed in-house based on the intent of the ACR guidelines. Note that the MRI facility is one component of the MNC, which will include resources for multiple imaging techniques, including EEG and MEG.

These SOPs will be reviewed annually and updated as needed. Significant procedural updates related to safety and training must be made in consultation with UMD’s Department of Environmental Safety, and approved by the Institutional Review Board. The MNC Director is Dr. Luiz Pessoa. Questions regarding facility operations, or these SOPs, should be directed to Dr. Pessoa or Sandy Collier, Manager, MNC.

MRI Facility Address and Phone Number:

Maryland Neuroimaging Center  
University of Maryland  
Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795  
8077 Greenmead Drive  
College Park, MD 20742  
301-405-2092 (Main Reception)  
301-405-4125 (Sandy Collier)  
301-405-2423 (Luiz Pessoa)  
Fax: 301-314-0231


**Oversight of the MNC is the responsibility of the MNC Director**

2.1 Role of the MNC Executive Committee: The MNC Executive Committee is responsible to help support the MNC Director as requested for the oversight of MNC operations, including facility operations, policy development and implementation, staff hiring and management, budgeting, and safety assurance and research compliance. The MNC Executive Committee reports to the Dean, College of Behavioral and Social Sciences.

2.2 Role of the MNC Internal Advisory Board: The MNC Internal Advisory Board assists the MNC Director with respect to all MNC facility operations, policy development and implementation, staff hiring and management, and safety assurance. It also advises the MNC on its service to the university. Members of the MNC Internal Advisory Board are appointed by the MNC Director. There are no set terms of service, but individuals who are major users of the MNC or are chairs of department are likely to be appointed to the Board. This allows their needs and concerns within the facility to be well represented; in addition, their expertise can be used to shape and further the goals of the MNC.
MRI Facility Personnel
Designation and Description of Magnetic Resonance (MR) Personnel and Non-MR Personnel

3.1 MNC Personnel include MR Personnel, who perform activities within the MNC (such as the MR Physicist); and Non-MR Personnel, who perform other work associated with the MNC, such as an administrative assistant or personnel whose research involves other techniques (e.g., MEG).

3.2 All MR Personnel must complete at least one MRI safety lecture or prerecorded presentation approved by the MNC Director. Attendance must be repeated annually and documented to confirm these ongoing safety certifications. These individuals are referred to as MR Personnel, of which there are two levels.

3.3 It is the responsibility of the MNC Director to determine which MR Personnel designations individuals may have.

3.4 A current list of MR Personnel, their levels, and the due date of their next safety training/update must be maintained within the MR facility at all times.

3.5 Level 1 MR Personnel

3.5.1 Definition. Level 1 MR Personnel are individuals who have had MR safety training as approved by the MNC Executive Committee. The designation of Level 1 MR Personnel typically applies to undergraduate and graduate research assistants, post-doctoral fellows, and research assistants from individual laboratories.

3.5.2 Facility access allowance. Level 1 MR Personnel are permitted to be in Zones 1 and 2 of the MNC alone. Level 1 MR Personnel may have keycard access to Zone 1 and Zone 2 of the MNC facility. They are not permitted to be in Zone 3 unless they are under the supervision of Level 2 MR Personnel.

3.5.3 Documentation of Level 1 MR Personnel qualification. Documentation of Level 1 MR Personnel qualification must be recorded on the appropriate form (see Appendix B), updated at least annually, and must be signed by the MR Physicist. Records of documentation must be maintained within the MNC.

3.6 Level 2 MR Personnel

3.6.1 Definition. Level 2 MR Personnel are individuals designated as sufficiently trained to be in the MNC MRI facility (i.e., Zones 3 and 4) on their own (except when a participant is being scanned, during which time two persons are required), and to supervise Level 1 MR Personnel and visitors in the MRI facility. They are also sufficiently trained to oversee the MR screening process and give final approval for an individual to enter the magnet room and undergo imaging. Generally, these are individuals with greater experience in the MR environment than Level 1 MR Personnel. These individuals must demonstrate knowledge of the broad aspects of MR safety issues, including, for example, issues related to the potential for thermal loading or burns, and direct neuromuscular excitation from rapidly changing gradients. They must also demonstrate specific knowledge regarding the safety procedures within the MNC.
3.6.2 Facility access allowance. Level 2 MR Personnel are permitted to be in the MRI facility unsupervised and to supervise Level 1 MR Personnel when they are in Zone 3 or Zone 4 of the facility. Level 2 MR Personnel may be permitted keycard access to Zone 3.

3.6.3 Documentation of Level 2 MR Personnel qualification. Documentation of Level 2 MR Personnel qualification must be recorded on the appropriate form (see Appendix B), re-certified annually, and must be signed off by the MR Physicist. Records of documentation must be maintained within the MNC.

3.7 MRI Operators

3.7.1 Definition. MRI Operators are Level 2 MR Personnel who have undergone training to operate the Siemens 3T TIM Trio System and have been approved as MNC facility Operators by the MR Physicist.

3.7.2 Facility access allowance. As Level 2 MR Personnel, MRI Operators are permitted to be in the MNC alone (except when a participant is being scanned, during which time two persons are required) and to supervise Level 1 MR Personnel when they are in the facility. Level 2 MR Personnel are permitted keycard access to the MNC.

3.7.3 Documentation of MRI Operator qualification. Documentation of MRI Operator qualification must be recorded on the appropriate form (see Appendix B), updated at least annually, and must be signed by the MR Physicist. Records of documentation are maintained within the MNC.

3.7.4 Training for MR Operators is described in Section 10.
MNC Researcher

4.1 Definition. MNC Researchers are individuals who have had basic training concerning the use of the MNC facility as approved by the MNC Director. The designation of MNC Researcher typically applies to users of the MNC who use techniques other than MRI. These researchers need to have basic safety training so as to know general safety issues associated with the use of the MNC, but because they are not engaged in MRI research, MNC Researchers are not required to have the type of knowledge required of Level 1 or Level 2 MR Personnel.

4.1.2 Facility access allowance. MNC Researchers are permitted to be in Zones 1 and 2 of the MNC. They are not permitted to be in Zone 3 unless they are under the supervision of Level 2 MR Personnel.

4.1.3 Documentation of MNC Researcher qualification. Documentation of MNC Researcher qualification must be recorded on the appropriate form (see Appendix B), updated at least annually, and signed by the MNC Director. Records of documentation must be maintained within the MNC.

Non-MR Personnel

4.2 Definition. Non-MR Personnel include individuals who are associated with the MNC, but do not work within the MNC itself. These include administrative assistants, research assistants, and others who work with the MNC, but have not undergone safety training. Non-MR Personnel must be escorted within the MNC by MR Personnel with at least Level 1 certification. These individuals will not enter the magnet room (room 1157A) without safety screening.

4.2.2 Facility access allowance. Non-MR Personnel are not permitted to be in the MNC alone or to have keycard access to the MNC.

4.2.3 Documentation is not required for Non-MR Personnel.

Visitors (MRI Participants and their escorts)

4.3 Definition. Visitors to the MNC that are study participants or escorts of those participants [e.g., in the cases where the participants are minors (under 18 years of age) or clinical populations].

4.3.2 Facility access allowance. Visitors are not permitted to be anywhere inside the MNC without supervision by MR Personnel with at least Level 1 certification. All scans with minors and clinical populations are required to have 3 trained MR Personnel (Operator plus two others with at least Level 1 certification) in the Control Room/MR Room during the scan (while the participant is in the Control Room/MR Room). All escorts (parent, guardian, other relative), need to be safety screened in case they need to enter the MR Room. If not screened, they cannot enter the MR room, and the associated MR Personnel are informed that the escort should not enter the MR Room. All minors and/or escorts in the MNC facility MUST be supervised at all times by someone with at least Level 1 training. Older minors who can drive themselves to the facility must still be escorted by their parent or guardian, whether for a scan or behavioral study. All parents, guardians, and escorts of minors or clinical populations must remain in the building and be supervised by Level 1 personnel at all times.
Facility Description

5.1 The MNC is located in the Avrum Gudelsky Building #795 on Greenmead Drive, at the University of Maryland, College Park. It consists of approximately 6000 sq. feet including officesuites, workspace, and conference rooms. It also includes a behavioral testing suite, EEG test suite, MEG facility, and training and classroom space.

5.2 There are five keycard accessible doors in the MNC: the front door to the building; the entrance from the main reception area to corridor 1198, Zone 1; the entrance to the corridor that houses the MR Reception area, corridor 1197; the entrance to room 1157; and the entrance to the Equipment Room 1153 (Zone 3). Rooms 1157 (Control Room) and 1157a (MRI machine) are Zones 3 and Zone 4, respectively. This part of the MNC has keycard accessible locked entrances from the MNC hallway 1197. This latter doorway is at the end of a corridor 1198, part of Zone 1, and has several doors into other parts of the MNC. Keycard access to this part of the MNC is possible for Level 2 MR Personnel. The room descriptions for this restricted access part of the MNC appear below:

Hallway 1197 (Zone 2):
- Room 1159: Restroom (Zone 2)
- Room 1153: MRI Equipment Room (Zone 3)
- Suite 1161: MR Facility Reception area (Zone 2)
  - Room 1161A: Dressing/Changing Room
  - Room 1161B: Mock Scanner Room
  - Room 1161C: Interview and Testing/Training Room
  - Room 1161D: Waiting Room
  - Room 1161E: Storage Closet
- Suite 1157: Control and Scanner Rooms (Zones 3 and 4)
  - Room 1157: Control Room (Zone 3)
  - Room 1157A: Siemens 3 Tesla MRI Scanner Room (Zone 4)

5.3 The MR Physicist has an office in 1104C. The MR Technologist has an office in 1109. The Manager has an office in 1104A. These are in Zone 1.

5.4 Room 1107 is the Neuroimaging Data Analysis Lab which consists of a meeting space and data analysis computers. This room is in Zone 1.

5.5 Room 1111 is home to the MNC faculty. This room is in Zone 1.

5.6 Suite 1115 (1115, 1115a and 1115b) is the Behavioral Testing/EEG suite. This area houses the EEG system. MNC facility users who acquire EEG data will have access to this room. This room is in Zone 1.

5.7 Room 1120 is the Center for Advanced Study of Language (CASL) Lab. This space is restricted to CASL personnel only. This room is in Zone 2.

5.8 Schematic diagrams of the MNC: The location of the facility in the Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, and the layout of the MNC's MR Suite and other components are illustrated on the next page.
View of outside of Avrum Gudelsky Building. #795, Maryland Neuroimaging Center is left half of building.
Maryland Neuroimaging Center at #795, C1
The footprint of the entire MNC consists of a restricted access area (MRI facility with arrows depicting the two entrances to the MRI facility), as well as other areas which house the Mock MRI Scanner Suite, Neuroimaging Data Analysis Lab, Behavioral/EEG Suite, and MEG.
MNC Zoning and Access

6.1 Zoning. For the purpose of safety, the MNC is considered to have four zones (as specified by the ACR guidelines):

6.1.1 Zone 1 is the Main Reception and front office area of the MNC including entry 1199 and rooms 1104A-1104E. Zone 1 includes corridor 1198 directly outside the Main Reception and front office area of the MNC; and includes rooms 1107 (data analysis room), 1108 (MEG lab), 1109 (MR Technologist office), 1111 (MNC faculty office) and 1117 (group workspace), and the EEG/Behavioral Suite in rooms 1115, 1115a, and 1115b.

6.1.2 Zone 2 begins at corridor 1197 and includes the MR Reception area 1161-1161E and the Restroom, 1159; Training Room, 1151; Lab Rooms, 1160 and 1164; Library, 1162; and the CASL Room, 1120.

6.1.3 Zone 3 includes the control room, 1157, and the equipment room, 1153.

6.1.4 Zone 4 is the MRI magnet room, 1157A.

6.2 Unescorted access. To have unescorted access to Zone 3, individuals must be Level 2 MR Personnel. To have unescorted access to Zone 2, individuals must be Level 1 MR Personnel or certified MNC Researchers.

6.2.1 MNC Rooms 1157, 1157A, and 1153 are physically restricted from general public access using door locks which can be accessed by keycard or a physical key. The outer door is spring-loaded and closes automatically after entry.

6.2.2 The only individuals with unrestricted access by keycard to the MNC are: the MNC Director, the MR Physicist, the MNC Manager, and MR Technologist, and operators.

6.2.3 Level 2 MR Personnel may have keycard access to the entire MNC MRI facility, except for room 1153 (the Equipment Room).
Safety Procedures

7.1 Pregnancy-related issues

7.1.1 In keeping with current ACR guidelines, pregnant MR personnel are permitted to continue working in all areas of the MNC throughout their pregnancies. Acceptable activities include, but are not limited to, positioning individuals within the scanner, imaging, and entering Zone 4 in the case of an emergency. Pregnant MR personnel should NOT be present within Zone 4 while imaging is in progress.

7.1.1 ACR guidelines permit pregnant women to undergo MR imaging. However, pregnant women will NOT undergo imaging at the MNC.

7.2 Safety concerns related to minors

7.2.1 Although permitted by ACR guidelines, minors who are research volunteers will not be sedated for MRI at the MNC.

7.2.2 Minors should either wear scrubs before entering Zone 4, or have their pockets checked by Level 2 MR Personnel, either manually or with a metal detector, prior to entering Zone 4. Prior to bringing personal objects such as stuffed toys into Zone 4, these objects must be checked for ferromagnetic content with the metal detector.

7.2.3 Because minors may be unreliable historians, children must be screened in conjunction with their parent or guardian. Some minors may have tattoos or ferromagnetic jewelry or makeup that their parent or guardian does not know about, and therefore should be questioned separately from their parent or guardian. As a rough guideline, children aged 10–17 will be screened both with their parent or guardian, and separately to ensure an accurate account of safety prior to entering Zone 4. Minors younger than 10 years old will be screened with their parent or guardian.

7.3 Scans with minors and clinical populations

All scans with minors and clinical populations are required to have 3 trained MR Personnel (Operator plus 2 MR Personnel with at least Level 1 certification) in the Control Room/MR Room during the scan (while the participant is in the Control Room/MR Room). All escorts (parents, guardians, other relatives) need to be safety screened in case they need to enter the MR Room. If not screened, they cannot enter the MR room, and all associated MR Personnel are informed that the escort should not enter the MR Room (Zone 4).

7.4 Auditory considerations

Research participants, patients, and anyone accompanying these individuals in Zone 4 during imaging must wear hearing protection. Hearing protection must be in place prior to initiating any MR sequences.

7.5 Thermal issues

7.5.1 General issues: The body temperature increases if the participant absorbs more energy per unit of time than can be dissipated through thermoregulation (increased perspiration and blood flow). During the MR examination, patients may experience heat sensations on the skin and may begin to perspire. Their pulse rates may increase as well. The effects vary from patient to patient. The intensity of these effects depends on the measurement program selected. Following the examination, the body will cool off and the pulse rate will return to normal. The increase in core body temperature is usually
well below 1 degree during the course of the MR examination if the Specific Absorption Rate limits are maintained.

7.5.2 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR): A quantity that describes how much electromagnetic energy is absorbed by the body over time, typically expressed in units of watts per kilogram. SAR depends upon the pulse sequence, and the size, geometry, and conductivity of the absorbing object.

7.5.2.1 Possible adverse effects: A high local SAR may result in RF burns. A high SAR evenly distributed across the entire body exerts stress on the patient’s cardiovascular and thermoregulation system.

7.5.2.2 Protection against risk: SAR is limited in MRI studies to minimize body temperature increases. Accurately determining SAR is difficult; it depends upon heat conduction, body geometry, blood flow changes, as well as the type of imaging sequence and its parameters. The Siemens 3T system requires the participant’s weight and birth date to be input when setting up the participant. It uses those two measures to calculate an appropriate SAR. If the SAR is too high for a given set of user-specified parameters, a message appears on the computer interface of the system indicating that it will not allow the image sequence with those parameters. As further protection against risk, participants should be asked about their comfort level during the session.

7.5.3 Individuals with electrically conductive materials: Individuals with electrically conductive materials in their bodies, such as wires, leads, or implants will not be imaged in the MRI scanner due to thermal or voltage dangers relating to the presence of a strong, rapidly varying magnetic field.

7.5.4 Individuals with tattoos. Individuals with tattoos that have ferromagnetic properties may be imaged as long as care is taken to keep the affected area thermally insulated (using pads, ice packs, etc). It is also advisable to keep the affected area as far as possible from the inner walls of the MR scanner bore. Individuals whose tattoos are less than 48 hours old should not be scanned as it may cause the tattoo edges to run, although this presents no additional physical danger to the person in the magnet.

7.5.5 Conductive Loops. An electrical current loop can form from skin-to-skin contact, for example, skin contact between one's hands, legs, knees, feet, or hands and legs.

7.5.5.1 Possible adverse events: Although unlikely, local burns could result from this type of body position. The most general result is a feeling of discomfort. In some instances, the participant may feel as though their arms or legs have “fallen asleep” or have a tingling sensation. This sensation will go away and is not permanent.

7.5.5.2 Protection against risk: Avoid a conductive loop problem by placing an individual on the patient bed in a position that does not form a conductive loop. Furthermore, this issue must be described to the participant so that if they shift position on the patient bed, conductive loops are not created. Specifically, individuals must be instructed not to cross their arms or legs while in the magnet.

In addition, participants should be informed about the potential of local burns and tingling sensations to occur, and to alert the MR Operator in such instances.

7.5.6 Drug delivery patches and pads: Some drug delivery patches contain metallic foil, thus increasing the risk of thermal injury. If the patch is in the volume of excitation of the transmitting RF coil, the individual must not undergo MR imaging at the MNC. If the drug delivery patch is outside of the volume of excitation of the coil, the individual can undergo imaging with an ice pack applied directly to the patch. The individual should be instructed to let the MR personnel know immediately if the patch begins to warm.
Cryogen-Related Issues

7.6 If anyone is in the magnet room while a quench occurs, **OPEN** the magnet room door immediately for ventilation. If not done, the participant has the potential to suffocate.

7.6.1 In the event of a system quench, it is imperative that all personnel, research participants, and patients be evacuated from Zone 4, the magnet room, as quickly and safely as is feasible. Site access should be immediately restricted until the arrival of Siemens equipment service personnel.

7.6.2 The sudden appearance of white clouds or fog around or above the MRI scanner indicates that cryogenic gases have vented partially or completely in the magnet room. Police, fire, and other emergency personnel should be restricted from entering the room with their axes, oxygen tanks, etc., until it can be confirmed that the magnetic field has dissipated. There may still be a considerable residual static magnetic field despite a quench or partial quench of the magnet.

7.7 Claustrophobia and anxiety

7.7.1 Individuals undergoing MR imaging will be screened for known claustrophobia and anxiety about undergoing imaging. If these individuals wish to undergo MR imaging, they will first be offered an opportunity to practice in the simulated MR environment (Mock Scanner). All individuals undergoing imaging are advised that they may speak to the MR personnel throughout the imaging session, or squeeze the handheld squeeze bulb to indicate that they need attention or wish to be removed from the magnet and patient bed.

7.8 Contrast Agent Safety

7.8.1 No contrast agents will be used within the MNC.

7.8.2 Firefighter, police, EMT, and security safety considerations: For the safety of emergency personnel responding to an emergency call at the MNC, if possible, Level 2 MR Personnel should be on site prior to the arrival of the emergency responders to ensure that they do not have free access to Zone 4.

7.9 The MNC Director (or a Member of the MNC Operations Sub-committee on Safety and Compliance) is responsible for prospectively educating the local fire marshals, firefighter association, police, EMT, and security personnel about the potential hazards of responding to emergencies in the MR Suite. It should be stressed that even in a fire or other emergency, the magnetic fields may be present and fully operational. Therefore, emergency personnel with air tanks, axes, crowbars, or other firefighting equipment, as well as guns, etc., cannot be given free access to Zone 4. Such access might prove catastrophic or even lethal to those responding or others in the vicinity.

7.9.1 In addition to training, emergency personnel will also be provided with documents providing information about the facility and safety issues (see Appendix F).

7.9.2 The MNC has an MR-safe fire extinguisher that is located in the control room (1157) just outside the MRI room. Also for fire safety, there is a smoke detector system and a sprinkler system that will be automatically activated in case of smoke or fire, respectively.
7.9.4 If there is a fire requiring firefighters or other emergency personnel to enter the MR facility with non-MR safe equipment, either Zone 4 must remain locked or off limits, or a decision to quench the magnet should be very seriously considered. This decision should be made if needed to protect the health and lives of the responders and other persons present. Should a planned quench be performed, Level 2 MR Personnel must ensure that all emergency personnel and unscreened individuals continue to be restricted from Zone 4 until the static field is no longer detectable and thus no longer presents hazardous conditions to persons with ferromagnetic objects, such as axes or oxygen tanks.

Power outage considerations.

7.10 7.10.1 In the event of power outage, Level 2 MR Personnel who are operators must be able to release the scanner table so that it can be mechanically pulled out if the emergency power system fails to initiate.

7.10.2 Because power outages have implications for several aspects of system function, they should be reported to the MR Physicist as soon as possible. If a power outage lasts longer than 30 seconds, any ongoing scans will be stopped immediately so that the scanner can be safely shut down during the remaining time. The MRI scanner is connected to an Uninterrupted Power Supply unit (UPS) located in the equipment room 1153. The UPS can provide up to 15 minutes of emergency power during normal scanner operation. It can prevent scanner malfunction during brown-outs, voltage spikes, and very short power outages.
Safety Screening for individuals entering Zone 4 (Magnet Room)

8.1 The Screening Protocol and IRB approved screening forms are included as Appendix D.

8.2 The purpose of safety screening is to ensure that no one enters the magnet room with ferromagnetic objects, either in their bodies, on their bodies, or as part of any materials or equipment that is being brought into the magnet room. Safety screening of ALL individuals entering the magnet room is a cornerstone of keeping the MRI environment safe.

8.3 A formal screening protocol is in place for the MNC and was developed with the guidance of ACR materials. The procedure and documentation forms are approved by the Institutional Review Board (IRB).

8.4 In keeping with the recommendations of the ACR, the magnetic safety screening is essentially the same for all individuals entering Zone 4. Individuals undergoing imaging must answer additional questions, such as height, weight, and birth date. Such questions are relevant to safety issues, such as specific absorption rate (SAR), or to the presence of objects that may affect the quality of the images or the participant’s comfort during imaging.

8.5 MNC staff and all MR personnel must undergo MR Safety Screening as part of their employment process and/or prior to beginning research training or work in Zone 4. MR personnel are not required to be screened prior to each and every entry into Zone 4. However, MR personnel must immediately report to the MNC Physicist or Technologist any trauma, procedure, or surgery they undergo during employment in which a ferromagnetic metallic object or device may have been introduced within or onto them. At such a time, the employee will be re-screened to determine if any safety issues prevent them from safely working in Zone 4.

8.6 Completed screening forms are stored in a locked file cabinet within Zone 3 of the MNC.

8.7 Research participants must be fully safety screened prior to entering Zone 4 at every session, which includes administration of the MR Safety Questionnaire and screening for ferromagnetic personal belongings and devices on them or in them, such as watches, jewelry, pagers, and cell phones.

8.7.1 Metal detectors are not to be used as a substitute for careful screening, but may be used in the screening process by Level 2 MR Personnel.

8.7.2 Any individual undergoing MR imaging must remove all readily removable metallic personal belongings and devices on them, such as watches, jewelry, pagers, cell phones, body piercings, and cosmetics containing metallic particles. It is recommended that clothing items that may contain metallic fasteners, hooks, zippers, loose metallic components, or metallic threads (e.g. anti-odor or heat/cold resistant clothing) be also removed or screened with a metal detector prior to entering Zone 4 to ensure that they are not ferromagnetic. Research participants and patients may wear site-supplied scrubs.

8.7.3 All individuals whose screening reveals a history of potential ferromagnetic foreign object penetration must undergo further investigation prior to being admitted into Zone 4. Examples of acceptable methods of screening include patient history, plain X-ray films, prior CT or MR studies of the questioned anatomical area, or access to written documentation of the type of implant or foreign object that may be present. After positive identification has been made as to the type of implant or foreign object that is within the patient, MR compatibility must be assessed using product labeling or Shellock MR Safety guidelines. Decisions based on published MR compatibility or safety claims must recognize that all such claims apply to specifically tested static field and static gradient field strengths.
8.7.4 Decisions regarding whether a given participant or patient can undergo MRI in the MNC must be made by Level 2 MR Personnel following criteria for acceptability predetermined by the MNC Director, and approved by the Institutional Review Board. The Level 2 MR Personnel confirms this decision by signature on the participant’s MR screening form.

8.7.5 If any Level 2 MR Personnel who screens a participant finds that additional considerations are necessary before approving the participant to enter the magnet room or undergo imaging, the case must be brought to MR Physicist or MNC Technologist who will make the final determination (with additional information from the potential participant or consultation with other experts as needed) about whether the participant is eligible for MR imaging in the MNC.

8.7.6 Under no circumstances will individuals be admitted into Zone 4 of the MNC if they have aneurysm clips, cardiac pacemakers, diaphragmatic pace makers, auto-defibrillators, deep brain stimulators, or other electromechanically activated devices.

8.7.7 Research participants and patients as well as their escorts (Relatives, Guardians, and Clinicians) must complete an MR safety-screening questionnaire prior to entry into Zone 3. All escorts of minors and clinical populations must remain in the facility for the duration of the visit, and must undergo this screening in case they need to enter into Zone 4.

8.7.6 There is potential for thermal injury from excessive RF power deposition. If a person undergoing MR imaging is in contact with electrically conductive material, such as a tattoo with metal particles in it, cold compresses or ice packs can be placed on the affected body area during imaging.

8.8 Device and object screening: Before an object or device is introduced into Zone 4, these objects must be tested for detectable ferromagnetic attractive forces. To do so, Level 2 MR Personnel in the facility must use a strong handheld magnet (greater than or equal to 1000 G). This will allow testing for detectable ferromagnetic attractive forces. All portable metallic or partially metallic objects that are to be brought into Zone 4 must be properly identified and appropriately labeled utilizing the current FDA labeling criteria developed by ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials) International (http://www.astm.org) (see the figure below).

8.8.1 The handheld magnet should not be applied to possible ferromagnetic objects that are directly attached to the human body.

U.S. Food and Drug Administration labeling criteria (developed by ASTM [American Society for Testing and Materials] International) for portable objects taken into Zone 4. The square green “MR safe” label (left) is for objects that typically do not have metallic components and that are unaffected in the presence of a large magnetic field. The triangular yellow label (middle) is for objects with an “MR-conditional” rating, and the round red label (right) is for “not MR-safe” objects. Under no circumstances should objects labeled with the red “Not MR-safe” be brought into Zone 4.
Emergency Procedures

9.1 Emergency procedures must be visibly posted in the MNC, reviewed and updated as needed, and must be incorporated into safety training for all MNC Researchers and MR personnel. The current version of the emergency procedures is in Appendix E.

9.2 The major risk in the facility is related to individuals entering the MRI facility who are unfamiliar with the MRI environment and its hazards. MR personnel working in the facility must be constantly vigilant of who is entering the control room and magnet rooms. Especially in emergency situations, MR personnel must ensure that no one without proper training or screening enters the Zone 4 of the MNC (magnet room), and that those individuals who do enter have removed all ferrous material from their persons.

9.3 ALL personnel who will use the MNC must have up-to-date safety training as specified in the requirements for MR personnel. This includes basic safety training for personnel who use facilities at MNC other than MRI (MNC Researchers). These individuals must also be fully aware of the current procedures for both medical emergencies and facility emergencies.

9.3.1. Operators and Level 2 MR Personnel must participate in the annual emergency drills organized by the MNC.

9.4 There is a participant-operated squeeze bulb on the MR patient table that must be given to all research participants while they are in the scanner. Squeezing this bulb activates an audible alarm to the control room, signaling the MR personnel of any problems or discomfort the participant or patient may be experiencing. Additionally, there is a video camera mounted on one end of the magnet, providing a view in the control room of the participant or patient. There is also an intercom system in place between the control room and the magnet room so that the participant and MR personnel may communicate verbally.

9.4.1. In case the audible alarm is triggered, the MR operator on duty should stop the ongoing scan and check the status of the participant immediately. The Operator will then decide if the scan session should be resumed or terminated early.

9.5 The MNC is equipped with a First Aid kit, which is located on the work bench on the left as one enters the Control Room (Room 1157). Note that the First Aid Kit itself and its contents are not MR-safe.

9.6 As part of the Zone 3 and Zone 4 restrictions, the MNC has an accessible, clearly marked, MR-safe fire extinguisher available. Additionally, there is a smoke detector system and a sprinkler system that will be automatically activated in case of smoke or fire, respectively.

9.7 During imaging activities involving research participants there must be at least one MR personnel present in addition to the MR operator for the duration that a participant is in Zone 4. This policy is in place to facilitate responses to emergencies.

9.7.1 A typical scenario would be that in addition to the participant and the MR Operator, at least one additional MR-trained person would be present in the Control Room or elsewhere in Zone 3 or Zone 4. Thus, in case of an emergency involving the participant or patient, the Operator will be available to attend to the participant or patient while the other MR personnel can contact emergencypersonnel and meet and guide them safely within the facility.

9.7.2 In the event of minors and clinical populations undergoing MR imaging (Zone 4), there should be an additional person (Operator and 2 MR personnel) present to oversee the needs and
safety of the participant and any visitors (if applicable) in the Control Room. A typical scenario would be that one MR personnel would be present in Zone 4 with the participant and the MR Operator and other MR personnel would be present in the Control Room.

9.7.3 The only exception to the rule of having at least two MR personnel present when imaging is if (1) a volunteer who is at least Level 1 MR certified is being imaged, and (2) imaging is not part of IRB approved research. Such a situation would occur, for example, when testing equipment or pulse sequences in the MRI or scanning standard inanimate objects (phantoms) for the purpose of scanner calibration or testing. Only in this case is it acceptable for an MR Operator to conduct imaging without additional MR personnel within the MNC.

9.8 Specific Emergencies and Responses

9.8.1 The following specific emergencies and responses are addressed in Appendix E: Distressed or injured individual and facility emergencies not involving people.

9.8.1.1 In case of emergency, there are several MNC personnel designated as emergency contacts; these are listed in Appendix C. In case of emergency, at least one of these individuals should be contacted immediately.

9.8.1.2 In case of alarms sounding inside or heard from outside of the MNC, or other facility emergencies, there must be contact information for at least three responsible MNC personnel posted in visible locations within the MNC. In addition, individuals from the BSOS Dean’s Office, Campus Police, Department of Environmental Safety, Facilities Management, Housekeeping and Physical Plant must be given this information to keep on file. Finally, this information should also be placed in the building’s KNOX box for the use of emergency personnel.

9.8.1.3 If an MR Personnel or another person notices smoke or fire, campus 911 should be called or on a wireless device dial #3333. MNC emergency contacts should be notified immediately.

9.8.1.4 If an MR Personnel or another person notices water leaks, Facilities Management should be notified at extension x52222, and MNC Personnel should be notified.

9.8.1.5 If there is a potentially life-threatening situation, such as fire or smoke, MNC Researchers, MR Personnel and research participants, patients, and their escorts must be removed immediately from the MNC and should be escorted to a safe location outside of the building.

9.8.1.6 If it is safe and feasible, MR personnel should accompany emergency personnel into the MNC. MR personnel should take all possible steps to ensure the safety of all emergency personnel in Zone 4 (magnet room). If it is necessary for non-MR safe equipment to be introduced into the magnet room, a quench of the magnet should be very seriously considered.

9.8.2. In the case of an emergency, all personnel should follow the instructions of the Operator or other Level 2 MR Personnel who have taken the emergency drills in MNC.
9.9 Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

The MNC has installed an AED in Zone 2, between the Mock Suite and the restroom.

An automated external defibrillator (AED) is a lightweight, portable device that delivers an electric shock through the chest to the heart. The shock can potentially stop an irregular heart beat (arrhythmia) and allow a normal rhythm to resume following sudden cardiac arrest (SCA). SCA occurs when the heart malfunctions and stops beating unexpectedly. If not treated within minutes, it quickly leads to death.

AEDs are intended for use by the general public. Audible voice prompts will guide the user through the process. Although formal training of AED use is not required, it is recommended to help the rescuer increase their comfort and level of confidence. Level 2 lab members, especially operators, are encouraged to become certified in CPR and AED use.
Training for Operators of the MRI Instrument

10.1 MR Operator trainees must be certified Level 2 MR Personnel before beginning training to be an Operator. Training of MRI operators must be approved by the MR Physicist. Certification of MR Operators must also be approved by the MR Technologist. This approval is documented on the form included in Appendix B.

10.2 MR Operator trainees undergo training with a certified MNC Operator. The MNC Operator Training Course is taught by the MR Physicist and includes 12-16 hours of presentations, demonstrations, and hands on training. Following the Operator Training Course, the training progresses through three phases.

10.2.1 Observer phase: Trainees observe the Training Operator for a minimum of 4 sessions of imaging. This phase of training is meant to familiarize the Trainee with operating procedures. Observation is ideally with a Trainee's own lab but can be done with another lab with their consent. Trainees move on the next phase at the discretion of the Training Operator.

10.2.2 Assistant phase. The Trainee assists the Training Operator for a minimum of 10 sessions (including participant and peripheral setup, imaging, and cleanup), with the Training Operator taking the lead. This phase of training is meant to give the Trainee hands-on experience with the operating procedures, and allow them to gradually begin to perform the duties of a certified Operator. During the Assistant phase, Trainees may elect to train on the scanner using volunteers from their labs. Labs will not be billed for training scans with volunteers but these scans must be booked no sooner than two days in advance and may be bumped by other labs scanning actual participants. Regular scheduling rules apply to training scans with volunteers. Trainees move on to the next phase at the discretion of the Training Operator and MR Physicist.

10.2.3 Probation phase. Trainees operate the MRI device under the supervision of the Training Operator for a minimum of 10 sessions (including participant and peripheral setup, imaging, and cleanup). A portion of the Probation phase sessions may be satisfied by volunteer scanning; however, at minimum, the last few scans must be done with actual participants. This phase allows the Trainee to build confidence in their ability to perform operating procedures, and develops the level of skill and responsibility necessary to be certified Operators. Trainees perform all operating procedures during imaging, using the Training Operator as an information resource only. Trainees may apply for certification from the MR Physicist at the discretion of the Training Operator.

10.3 Operators are obligated to learn updated operating techniques by attending MNC-organized trainings.

10.4 Operators agree to comply with the MNC SOPs and report any safety-related adverse events to a staff-member at the MNC during the course of their work at the MNC.

10.5 Renewal of Operator status will be based on the record of the operator’s safety performance in the previous 12 months. A minimum of 10 hours of operating within the last 12 months are required to guarantee high level operating skills and knowledge of emergency procedures. Renewal is also dependent upon participation of yearly emergency drills.
Appendix A-1

Documentation of Safety Training for Level 1 MR Personnel
Maryland Neuroimaging Center
University of Maryland, College Park

Name: ___________________________ UID: ___________________________

Department: _______________________

E-mail Address: ___________________ Phone Number: ________________

UMD Position (circle): Faculty  Post Doc  Grad Student  Staff  Other: _____

Non-UMD Position (please describe): ________________________________

Name of MNC Principal Investigator with whom your MRI research is associated: __________

Name of Safety Trainer: _______________________

Read Version ____ (insert version #) of the MNC Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

Viewed MR Safety Video ____

Attended MNC MR safety training lecture and tour ____

Passed Test for Level 1 MR personnel ____

I agree to comply with the MNC SOPs during the course of my work at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center

Signature: _______________________________ Date: ________________

I hereby confirm that this individual has successfully completed the Level 1 MR certification course at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center.

MNC Representative Signature: _______________________________ Date: _______
Appendix A-2

Documentation of Safety Training for Level 2 MR Personnel
Maryland Neuroimaging Center
University of Maryland, College Park

Name: ___________________________ UID: ___________________________

Department: _______________________

E-mail Address: ____________________ Phone Number: ________________

UMD Position (circle): Faculty  Post Doc  Grad Student  Staff  Other:_____

Non-UMD Position (please describe): _________________________________

Name of MNC Principal Investigator with whom your MRI research is associated: _______

Name of Safety Trainer: _________________

Read Version ____ (insert version #) of the MNC Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

Viewed MR Safety Video ____

Attended MNC MR safety training lecture and tour ____

Passed Test for Level 2 MR Personnel _____

I agree to comply with the MNC SOPs during the course of my work at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center

Signature: ______________________________Date: ______________

I hereby confirm that this individual has successfully completed the requirements for Level 2 MR Certification at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center.

MNC Representative Signature: ____________________________ Date: ____________
Appendix A-3

Documentation of Operator Training for the Siemens Magnetom TIM Trio
Maryland Neuroimaging Center, University of Maryland, College Park

Name: ___________________________ UID: ___________________________

Home Address: ___________________________

PI / Lab Affiliation: ___________________________

Phone Number: ___________________________

MNC Technologist / Operator Signature: ___________________________ Date: __________

I agree to comply with the MNC SOPs. I agree to report any safety-related adverse events to a staff-member at the MNC during the course of my work at the MNC.

Trainee’s Signature: ___________________________ Date: __________

I hereby confirm that this individual has successfully completed the requirements to operate the Siemens Magnetom TIM Trio at the Maryland Neuroimaging Center. I will provide adequate supervision and any additional training necessary to ensure that this individual’s operator skills are up to date with any changes in hardware or software in the imaging system.

MR Physicist Signature: ___________________________ Date: __________
Appendix B

MNC Emergency Contacts (in contact order)
- Dr. Wang Zhan, 301-405-3035 or 301-405-2590, wzhan@umd.edu, cell 443-858-4213
- Christine Nickell, 301-405-4074, cnickell@umd.edu
- Matthew Turner, 301-405-2092, mturne23@umd.edu
- Sandy Collier, 301-405-4125, collier@umd.edu, cell 304-671-1176
- Dr. Luiz Pessoa, 301-405-2423, pessoa@umd.edu, cell 202-441-2515
Appendix C
MNC Appendix D SOP Version 2.1 MR Safety Screening – RESEARCH VOLUNTEERS

Date ______ / _____ / _____

Name ___________________________ Age _______ Height _______ Weight _______

Date of Birth _______ / _____ / _____ Female Male

Address ______________________________ Telephone (cell) (_____) _____ - _______

City ________________________________ Telephone (work) (_____ ) _____ - _______

State ___________________________ Zip Code ___________

1. Have you had a prior MRI at this facility? No Yes
If yes, please indicate most recent date: Date ____ / _____ / _____

2. Have you had a prior MRI elsewhere? No Yes
If yes, please indicate most recent date: Date ____ / _____ / _____

3. Have you experienced any problem related to a previous MRI examination or MR procedure? No Yes
If yes, please describe: __________________________________________________________

4. Have you had prior surgery or an operation (e.g., arthroscopy, endoscopy, etc.) of any kind? No Yes
If yes, please indicate the date and type of surgery:
Date ______ / _____ / _____ Type of surgery ________________________________
Date ______ / _____ / _____ Type of surgery ________________________________

5. Have you had an injury to the eye involving a metallic object or fragment (e.g., metallic slivers, shavings, foreign body, etc.)? No Yes
If yes, please describe: __________________________________________________________

6. Have you ever done any welding, grinding or cutting of metal? No Yes
If yes, did you always wear safety protection for your eyes? No Yes

7. Have you ever been injured by a metallic object or foreign body (e.g., BB, bullet, shrapnel, etc.)? No Yes
If yes, please describe: __________________________________________________________

8. Have you been diagnosed with epilepsy? No Yes

9. Do you have any metallic dental work? (braces, retainers, implants, dental plates) No Yes

For female participants:

9. Date of last menstrual period: ______/_____/_____

10. Are you pregnant or experiencing a late menstrual period? No Yes
Appendix C

**WARNING:** Certain implants, devices, or objects may be hazardous to you and/or may interfere with the MR procedure (i.e., MRI, MR angiography, functional MRI, MR spectroscopy). **Do not enter the MR system room or MR environment if you have any question or concern regarding an implant, device, or object.** Consult the MRI Technologist or Radiologist BEFORE entering the MR system room. The MR system magnet is ALWAYS on.

Please indicate if you have any of the following:

- Yes ☐ No ☐ Aneurysm clip
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Cardiac pacemaker
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Implanted cardioverter defibrillator (ICD)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Electronic implant or device
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Neurostimulation system
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Spinal cord stimulator
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Internal electrodes or wires
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Bone growth/bone fusion stimulator
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Cochlear, otologic, or other ear implant
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Insulin or other infusion pump
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Implanted drug infusion device
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Heart valve prosthesis
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Any type of prosthesis (eye, penile, etc.)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Eyelid spring/wire or ocular/lens implant
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Artificial or prosthetic limb
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Metallic stent, filter, or coil
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Shunt (spinal or intraventricular)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Vascular access port and/or catheter
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Radiation seeds or implants
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Swan-Ganz or thermodilution catheter
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Medication patch (nicotine, nitroglycerine)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Any metallic fragment or foreign body
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Wire mesh implant
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Tissue expander (e.g., breast)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Surgical staples, slips, or metallic sutures
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Joint replacement (hip, knee, etc.)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Bone/joint pin, screw, nail, wire, plate, etc.
- Yes ☐ No ☐ IUD, diaphragm, or pessary
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Dentures or partial plates
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Tattoo or permanent makeup
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Body piercing jewelry
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Eye makeup
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Hearing aid (remove prior to MRI)
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Other implant ____________
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Breathing problem or motion disorder
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Claustrophobia
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Wig, weave, extensions, braids, or hairpiece
- Yes ☐ No ☐ Cosmetic/colored contacts

**NOTE:** You may be advised or required to wear earplugs or other hearing protection during the MR procedure to prevent possible problems or hazards related to acoustic noise.

I attest that the above information is correct to the best of my knowledge. I read and understand the contents of this form and had the opportunity to ask questions regarding the information on this form and regarding the MR procedure that I am about to undergo.

Signature of Person Completing Form: ______________________ Date __ / __ / ____

Form Completed By: ☐ Patient ☐ Relative ______________________ Print Name ______________________ Relationship to patient ☐ ☐ Level 2 RA Other ____________

Form Information Reviewed By: ☐ MRI Tech ☐ Level 2 Grad Student Level 2 RA Other ____________

Print name ______________________ Signature ______________________
Appendix D
Protocol for Ensuring Magnet Room and MR Imaging Safety
Step by Step Procedures and Screening Form
Maryland Neuroimaging Center

Protocol-Steps for Screening:

Screening begins with providing information regarding the safety issues within the magnet room and the importance of accurate and complete responses to the screening questions so that we can determine the safety of having the individual in the magnet room. Here’s a sample script for what could be said in this process: "The MRI machine has a very strong magnet. The magnet is so strong that it creates a forceful pull throughout the entire magnet room. Since many metal objects are magnetic, it is dangerous to bring metal objects into the magnet room. The magnet can pull some metal objects through the air into the magnet, injuring anyone in the way. Some individuals have metal in their bodies. If they enter the magnet room, the metal object inside their body may move or heat up and possibly injure the person. Thus, to ensure your safety while you are in our MRI facility, I will need to ask you safety questions. You must answer these questions completely and honestly if you wish to go into the magnet room. However, you may choose not to answer these questions and not to enter the magnet room. If you are uncertain of how to answer any of my questions, please be sure to let me know."

After the above information is provided verbally to the person being screened, the appropriate paper questionnaire will be given to the person, which they must fill out fully. Note: A person must fill out the questionnaire in its entirety every time they undergo MR imaging.

Level 2 MR Personnel conducts the screening interview. The interviewer will go through each question one-by-one to ensure that there are no safety concerns before the person enters the magnet room (Zone 4). Level 2 MR Personnel are safety trained, understand the rationale for each question, and are able to answer questions and address safety concerns of people entering the magnet room. Therefore, this interview cannot be performed by Level 1 MR Personnel.

An important part of the interview process is to ensure that all metallic personal items are removed from the person prior to entering the magnet room. These include jewelry (wristwatches, earrings, etc.), bobby pins, barrettes, hearing aids, shoes, wallet, credit cards, and clothing with metallic fasteners or metallic thread (e.g. found in anti-odor and anti-bacterial sportswear).

Once the interview is complete, both the Level 2 MR Personnel interviewer and the person being screened must sign and date the questionnaire. The questionnaire will then be filed in the locked file cabinet located in the MNC.

If a Level 2 MR Personnel who screens a participant finds that additional considerations are necessary before approving the participant to enter the magnet room or undergo imaging, the case must be brought to the MR Technologist or MR Physicist who will make the final determination about whether the participant is eligible for MR imaging in the MNC (using additional information from the potential participant, additional consultation with experts, etc., as needed).

Key Points for Safety in the Magnet Environment:
Be vigilant of who is entering the control and magnet rooms;
Individuals unfamiliar with the magnetic resonance environment and its hazards are at the greatest safety risk.
Everyone entering the magnet room, including emergency responders, must be fully screened and must remove all ferrous material from their person; and
Safety training is required of ALL personnel who will use the neuroimaging facility.
Appendix E
Response Plans for Specific Emergencies

Three (3) Types of Emergency Buttons for Different Purposes
Intercom MR Control Panel

1. The Table Stop Button
Press the Table Stop button immediately in case of accidents or risk of injury due to table movements (points of injury through crushing/bruising). If a table stop button is hit, the table comes to an immediate stop.

In the control room, press the red button on the top of the Intercom Console to stop the patient table movement. If it occurs in the middle of an exam, the scan is also stopped. Imaging can also be stopped using the scanner computer. To stop the table in the magnet room, press the red button on the scanner’s MR control panel.

1.1. To resume normal table operation, press the Table Movement Up/Inward button and then press the Table Movement Down/Outward button. This will cancel the table stop. The fastest way to move the participant out of the bore is pressing the Home Position button in the MR control panel. In case of power failure or defective motorized drive, the table can be manually pulled out of the magnet bore. To do so, locate the red arrow on the patient table and pull the unlocking handle outward and upward. This decouples the table from the motorized drive unit. Pull the table out of the magnet using the handle at the foot of the table.

2. The Emergency Power Off (EPO) Button:
• Stops all electronics associated with the MRI, including the Control Room computer.

   NOTE: The EPO button disengages the patient table. To pull the table out after the EPO button is pushed, manually unlock the table by using the hand release located on the lower left side of the table BEFORE pulling the handles at the foot of the table.

• Three locations of the EPO Button:
  1. Control Room (Room 1157): On the north wall, to the left of the door to the MRI Room.
  2. MRI Room (Room 1157A): On the wall, on the left after entering the room.
  3. Equipment Room (Room 1153): Operator access only.
3. The Quench Button:
   - Brings the magnetic field down very rapidly.
     - Quenching the magnet is a LAST RESORT; it is dangerous if not done properly.
     - BEFORE initiating a quench, decide if the trapped and/or injured person can be safely removed from the magnet without quenching.
     - If a person is in the magnet room, OPEN THE DOOR BEFORE QUENCH. The room MUST be ventilated the person inside will suffocate rapidly!
     - If no one is in the magnet room, quench with the DOOR CLOSED.
     - CALL 911 as soon as possible, as well as Siemens service 1-888-7436 (1-888-SIEM). Use Functional Location #341879.
     - DO NOT leave the scene. There is no danger as long as there is adequate ventilation.
     - Even after the magnet has quenched, there may still be a considerable static magnetic field. Precautions must be taken for all MNC and emergency personnel entering the magnet room.

   - Two locations of the Quench Button:
     1. Control Room (Room 1157): On the north wall, in the center of a round console above the experiment presentation computer.
     2. MRI Room (Room 1157A): On the wall adjacent to the Quench Button in the Control Room.
Appendix E continued

Response Plans for Specific Emergencies

- **Distressed Participant**: Participant indicates distress by pressing the squeeze bulb or verbally conveying distress OR facility staff notice distress and determines that the participant must be removed rapidly from the scanner. Distress could be caused by panic attacks, claustrophobia, general fear or extreme discomfort, or a medical emergency.

  Follow these steps for a participant in distress:

  1. Stop imaging immediately by pressing the red button on the intercom.
  2. Use the intercom to reassure the participant that you are coming in to remove them.
  3. Remove the participant from the magnet room.
  4. Talk with the participant in the waiting room and assess whether emergency personnel are needed; if so, call 911. Tell them the situation and give the address: Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, 8077 Greenmead Dr. University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742.
  5. If first aid is needed, use the First Aid kit which is located on the work bench on the left as one enters the Control Room (Room 1157). Note that the First Aid Kit itself and its contents are not MR-safe.
  6. Monitor all emergency personnel to ensure their safety and to prevent them from introducing equipment or medical instruments, which may present safety risks, into the magnet room.

- **Person Trapped in or Injured by Projectile in the Magnet**: Follow these steps:

  1. Stop imaging immediately by pressing the red button on the intercom.
  2. Use the intercom to reassure the participant that you are coming in to attend to them.
  3. Assess whether removing the person from the magnet could lead to severe loss of blood. For example, if a person is impaled by scissors near an artery or area of large blood supply, such as in the neck, femoral region, or heart, DO NOT REMOVE THE IMPALING OBJECT, as more blood loss may occur. Instead, leave the person in a stable position and let emergency responders decide the most appropriate action. Or, for example, if a person has been impaled by scissors in a hand or other extremity, consider removing the impaling object by prying it off the magnet (more than one person may be needed), and then administer first aid. If a person is trapped in the magnet or against the magnet by a ferromagnetic object, attempt to pry it off of the magnet.

  If a person is trapped by the magnet or against the magnet, it may be necessary to quench the magnet so that the person can be removed. OPEN THE MAGNET ROOM DOOR FIRST!!

  4. If the participant can be safely removed from the magnet environment without further injury, escort the participant to the control room and assess whether emergency personnel are needed. If so, call campus 911 or #3333 on a wireless device. Explain the situation and give them the address: Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, 8077 Greenmead Dr. University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742.
  5. If first aid is needed, use the first aid kit located on the work bench beside the Control Room door.
  6. If emergency personnel are called, monitor them to ensure their safety and to prevent them from introducing equipment or medical instruments to the magnet room which may present safety risks.
  7. If the participant CANNOT be safely removed from the magnet without causing further injury, contact emergency services by calling 911. Explain the situation and give them the address:
8. Stay in constant contact with the participant over the intercom system or have another safety screened individual stand in the room with them. When emergency personnel arrive they MUST be safety screened and made to remove all ferrous objects on their person. Failure to do so may cause injury to the responding emergency personnel or other individuals present in the MRI room, and may cause further injury to the participant trapped in the magnet!

9. The MRI safe gurney is located in the magnet room and can be used as a way to safely transport participants out of the MRI environment.

10. Call Siemens service at: 1-888-7436 (1-888-SIEM), Functional Location #341879.

Facility emergencies: Staff member or other person notices fire, water leaks, foreign objects in magnet with or without participant present, but no one is in grave danger, call extension x52222.

- Call campus 911 if there is a fire.
- Remove participant if one is present.
- Attempt to contact someone from the MNC Emergency Contact List.
- Call Siemens service at: 1-888-7436 (1-888-SIEM), Functional Location #341879
Appendix F

INFORMATIONAL HANDOUT FOR EMERGENCY PERSONNEL (MARYLAND NEUORIMAGING CENTER)

Located in the Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, University of Maryland, College Park, 20742.

This document contains information for safety and emergency personnel (police, fire, EMT) about the MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) magnet in the University of Maryland, MNC located in the Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, 8077 Greenmead Dr. College Park, MD, 20742.

The MNC is located on the left side of the Avrum Gudelsky Building, #795, attached is a drawing showing the relative location of the facility within the building.

The MNC is composed of several rooms, see attached floor plan.
    These rooms are:
    Room 1161C: Interview and screening area
    Room 1161A and 1159: Dressing/Changing Room and restroom
    Room 1161B: The Mock MRI Scanner and Control Room
    Room 1157: Control Room for MRI Scanner
    Room 1157A: MRI Scanner Room
    Room 1153: Equipment Room

See next page for floor plan.
Suite 1161 and Rooms 1157, 1157A, and 1153 of the MNC house the MRI facility. This part of the MNC has keycard accessible locked entrances from the hallway. This latter doorway is at the end of a hallway which has several doors into other parts of the MNC. Keycard access to this part of the MNC is possible for Level 1 & 2 MR Personnel.


Room 1107 is the Neuroimaging Data Analysis Lab, which consists of a data analysis computer which is accessible from the corridor 1198.

Suite 1115 is the EEG/Behavioral Laboratory. This area houses the EEG system. MNC facility users who acquire EEG data have been given access to this room by the Safety and Compliance Committee.

Only one room in the MNC suites requires special consideration/action by emergency personnel. Room 1157A which contains the MRI magnet itself has special risks and safety precautions associated with it.

Floor plan of the MNC, arrows indicate one entrance to the MRI facility.

The MRI is a very strong magnet. This magnet is so strong that it creates a magnetic pull throughout the entire room. The magnet can actually cause some metal objects to fly through the air toward the magnet, with the potential to injure anyone in the path of the flying object. Also, if an individual who has any metal object in their body enters the magnet room, it is possible for that metal object inside the body to move and possibly injure the person. THE MAGNET IS ALWAYS ON! No person, safety/emergency personnel or other, should enter the MRI magnet room if they have any of the following medical/surgical conditions:

- a pacemaker or defibrillator,
- a stint,
- an aneurism clip,
- been injured by a metallic object that was not removed,
- a cochlear (ear) or middle ear implant,
- surgery involving a metallic implant (e.g. knee or hip replacement),
- dental braces or dentures containing metal,
- a body piercing (e.g. navel ring, ear rings, etc.),
- a deep brain stimulator implant.
Appendix F continued

None of the following items should be on or be worn by any person entering the MRI magnet room:

- jewelry (e.g. wristwatch, rings, necklace, etc.)
- hair accessories (e.g. bobby pins, burettes, hair elastic, etc.)
- wallet, credit cards
- any metal objects (e.g. hearing aid, etc.)

Emergency and safety personnel should be especially mindful that absolutely no medical equipment, tools, nor weapons should ever enter the MRI magnet room:

- ladders containing any metal,
- fire extinguishers,
- fire axe,
- weapons,
- non-MR safe gurney,
- metal medical instruments,
- tools (e.g. wrench, pliers, hammer, scissors, etc.).

The magnet room (1157A) is locked and entry can only be gained by keycard or physical key into the Control Room (room 1157) followed by another physical key and/or pressing the "Open" button to access the MR Room. Except in cases of extreme urgency, it is advisable to contact one of the emergency contact personnel listed below to escort emergency personnel into the magnet room:

Dr. Wang Zhan, 301-405-3035 or 301-405-2590, wzhan@umd.edu, cell 443-858-4213
Christine Nickell, 301-405-2590, cnickell@umd.edu
Matthew Turner, 301-405-2092, mturne23@umd.edu
Sandy Collier, 301-405-4125, collier@umd.edu, cell 304-671-1176
Dr. Luiz Pessoa, 301-405-2423, pessoa@umd.edu, cell 202-441-2515

If an accident occurs, such as someone pinned against the magnet by a metal object, the following emergency procedures should be used. The worst case would be that additional personnel enter the room to aid the victim of the accident without first being screened for metal objects, causing further accidents. Assess the level of urgency involving the victim and act based on the following guidelines:

a) If there is no serious injury to the victim, remove the victim from the magnet room.

b) If the victim is pinned by a metal object, enlist the aid of several individuals to help remove the object (all personnel entering the magnet room should be free of metallic objects).

c) If the victim has sustained a life threatening injury from a metallic projectile and remains pinned to the magnet, the magnet can be quenched (i.e. shut down). Quenching a magnet is a VERY serious response and should ONLY be performed in the case of serious bodily injury to a victim due to projectile ferromagnetic objects. A quench button is located on the wall beside the door to the magnet room and is labeled with a black magnet on yellow background with a red X through it (see attached picture). Importantly, a quench results in the emission of large amounts of helium, which can cause cryogenic burns. The release of helium also quickly displaces the air from the room, resulting in a deadly low oxygen environment if there is no ventilation (if the magnet door is closed). The MNC suite is equipped with fire detection equipment, fire pull stations, fire strobes, and ceiling mounted sprinklers.
Appendix G

Imaging Research Facility Internal Operating Procedures

Level 1

Safety Training Course

The MNC SOPs require that all MR personnel update their safety training annually. The MNC Operations Committee sub-committee on Safety and Compliance (referred to as “Safety Committee” in the following text) holds a Safety Training Course at the beginning each academic semester. Other MR personnel can also be designated by the Safety Committee to offer a course to a small group of experimenters.

The Level 1 training course consists of five steps:

1) Read the SOPs. This step is required of all personnel who are renewing their training. Reading should be completed before attending the training lecture. The SOPs can be found on the MNC website under "Resources."

2) Watch the Siemens safety video. This step is only required of new trainees. The video will be shown during the first 25 minutes of the training session. Personnel updating their training may arrive at 25 minutes past the start time to skip the video.

3) Attend a safety lecture given by an MNC Safety Committee member or their designee. This step is required of all personnel. The lecture will follow the presentation of the safety video. A question and answer period will follow.

4) Attend a tour of the MNC given by an MNC Safety Committee member or their designee during which emergency equipment is pointed out. This step is required of all personnel. The tour will follow the lecture. When these steps are performed for a smaller group, they do not need to follow directly one after the other; however, it is important that the steps be followed in the order shown.

5) Complete the MNC MRI Safety Screening Form (Appendix C). An MNC Safety Committee member will then conduct the screening interview process with the trainee in a private room or hallway. Once the interview is complete, the trainee and the interviewer must sign and date the questionnaire. The questionnaire will then be filed in the locked file cabinet in the MNC. Level 1 MR Personnel are responsible for notifying the MR Technologist or MR Physicist of any changes to their screening form. If any changes need to be made, Level 1 MR Personnel must complete a new Safety Screening Form to be reviewed and signed off on by the MR Technologist or MR Physicist.

Level 2

The Level 2 training course consists of two steps:

1) Complete Level 1 training and receive Level 1 certification. Level 1 certification must be renewed annually.

2) Read the SOPs closely, then pass the Level 2 test. The Level 2 test is administered by the MR Physicist. Level 2 certification must be renewed annually by attending emergency drills."
Appendix G continued

Operator Training
[Italicized sections are copied and repeated from SOPs]

**MRI Operator trainees must be certified Level 1 MR Personnel. Before certification as an MRI Operator, the Trainee must be certified as Level 2 MR Personnel.**

Operator training is usually reserved for only a few individuals. The MNC employs operators during its operating hours. Because these operators use the technology every day, they are efficient, understand how all of the equipment in the MNC is used, and are vigilant with regard to safety procedures. It is recommended that most users take advantage of the MNC operators as a resource, allowing the user to focus on running their experiment, increasing the chances of success.

However, because we are a research and teaching facility, we believe that Operator training should be available to MNC users. For instance, new core faculty and research scientists may wish to undergo Operator training. Also, PIs may nominate individuals from their research groups, whom they feel are ready for the responsibilities associated with being an Operator. These individuals are usually nominated for two reasons, 1) because training provides an educational experience, and/or 2) to facilitate collection of research data.

Although the final decision about each individual’s qualifications to be a certified Operator is largely subjective, the Safety Committee has generated some objective guidelines for nominating operator trainees:

1) Undergraduates may undergo Operator training as an educational experience only. Undergraduates will only be allowed to advance to the probationary trainee phase, and will not be certified MR Operators or Level 2 MR Personnel.

2) Graduate students may undergo Operator training. The purpose of training graduates is twofold, 1) for the educational experience that it offers, and 2) to allow them to collect data for their dissertation outside the normal operating hours of the facility.

3) Non-core faculty, research scientists, post-docs, full-time research assistants, lab technicians, and lab managers may undergo Operator training.

4) It is suggested that nomination be restricted to individuals who either have extensive previous experience with MR environments, or to individuals that the PI has worked with in a research setting for an extended period, such that the PI is able to reliably gauge the nominee’s ability. It is helpful if nominees have interacted with members of the MNC staff prior to nomination.

5) Full-time MNC Operators are hired by the MNC Director and the MNC Operations Staff.

*Certification of MRI Operators must be approved by the MR Physicist. This approval is documented on the form included in Appendix B.*

**MRI Operator trainees undergo intensive personal training with a certified MNC Operator. Training progresses through three phases.**

Minimum times are purposefully low. Trainees who have extensive previous experience with MRI may only require the minimum times for each phase. The Training Operator should be a full-time MNC Operator.
Appendix G continued

1) Observer phase: Trainees observe the Training Operator for a minimum of 4 sessions of imaging. This phase of training is meant to familiarize the Trainee with operating procedures. Trainees move on to the next phase at the discretion of the Training Operator.

Trainees should observe all actions of the Training Operator. The Training Operator should explain their actions as they are performed. This is especially important when putting participants in the MRI device.

2) Assistant phase. The Trainee assists the Training Operator for a minimum of 10 sessions (including participant and peripheral setup, imaging, and cleanup), with the Training Operator taking the lead. This phase of training is meant to give the Trainee hands-on experience with the operating procedures, and allow them to gradually begin to perform the duties of a certified Operator. During the Assistant phase, Trainees may elect to train on the scanner using volunteers from their labs. Labs will not be billed for training scans with volunteers but these scans must be booked no sooner than two days in advance and may be bumped by other labs scanning actual participants. Regular scheduling rules apply to training scans with volunteers. Trainees move on to the next phase at the discretion of the Training Operator and the Safety Committee.

Trainees should gain hands-on experience with every action required of an Operator. During this phase, the Trainee must become confident with their ability to set up the equipment, operate the console, put participants in the MRI device, and multi-task during the execution of an experimental protocol.

3) Probation phase. Trainees operate the MRI device under the supervision of the Training Operator for a minimum of 10 sessions (including participant and peripheral setup, imaging, and cleanup). A portion of the Probation phase sessions may be satisfied by volunteer scanning; however, at minimum, the last few scans must be done with actual participants. This phase allows the Trainee to build confidence in their ability to perform operating procedures, and develops the level of skill and responsibility necessary to be certified Operators. Trainees perform all operating procedures during imaging, using the Training Operator as an information resource only. Trainees may apply for certification from the MR Physicist at the discretion of the Training Operator.

Trainees effectively perform all of the tasks expected of an Operator, but with supervision (i.e., the Training Operator is in the MNC suite). During this phase, the Trainee gains independence; therefore, the Training Operator should be sure to allow the Trainee to attempt to handle problems on their own. To apply for certification, trainees should show knowledge for all the tasks and actions required of an Operator, show evidence of an ability to put participants and patients at ease during imaging, and show thorough knowledge of the safety procedures. Before certification, trainees must be certified as Level 2 MR Personnel, and must show thorough knowledge for the participant safety screening questionnaire protocol.

Imaging Outside Standard Operating Hours

The MNC is a shared facility; therefore, changes to the equipment made by one user affect many users. For this reason, and for reasons of safety, if a user is operating outside of standard operating hours (i.e., outside of the hours when an MNC Operator is available), and there is a problem with the MRI device or any other equipment, the operator should NOT attempt to fix the problem. Instead, they should report the problem to the MNC staff, so that they may attend to it.

If the problem has the potential to damage the equipment, then they should contact the MR Physicist or MR Technologist immediately. Contact information is posted in the MNC manual found in the control room and can also be found in the SOPs (see Appendix B). If a problem occurs with the MRI device or the equipment does not prevent the user from completing their imaging session, the problem should still be reported to the MNC staff. This will allow the staff to effectively track problems with the equipment and keep them working better for all users.
Appendix H

Incidental Anomalous Findings

The approved language to be used in consent forms is below:

*The MNC is not a medical facility, does not do clinical work, and an MRI scan at the MNC is not a medical test. It is designed to address research questions and it is not the kind of scan that can be used for any clinical purpose. In fact, if there is an unusual finding in the scan, the MRI technician, or the researcher may not even detect it. However, if the technician or researcher sees something in the scan that appears unusual, the scan could be sent without any personal identifiers to a certified neuroradiologist at the Radiology Department at the University of Maryland Medical School for further review. If the neuroradiologist concurs that this unusual finding should be investigated further by a physician, you will be notified by the principle investigator leading the study.*

The PI is responsible for communicating about the general nature of the unusual finding with the MNC Director and Dr. Zhan at MNC. The PI is also responsible for reporting to research participant. Dr. Zhan’s contact information is below:

Dr. Wang Zhan, wzhan@umd.edu, phone: 301-405-3035 or 301-405-2590
MR Physicist
Maryland Neuroimaging Center